Points missed: _____ Student's Name: _____

Total score: _____ /100 points

East Tennessee State University Department of Computer and Information Sciences CSCI 2150 (Tarnoff) – Computer Organization TEST 1 for Spring Semester, 2004

Section 001

Read this before starting!

- The total possible score for this test is 100 points.
- This test is closed book and closed notes
- You may use one sheet of scrap paper that you will turn in with your test.
- You may NOT use a calculator
- All answers must have a box drawn around them. This is to aid the grader (who might not be me!) Failure to do so might result in no credit for answer. Example:

- **1 point will be deducted** per answer for missing or incorrect units when required. **No** assumptions will be made for hexadecimal versus decimal, so you should always include the base in your answer.
- If you perform work on the back of a page in this test, indicate that you have done so in case the need arises for partial credit to be determined.

"Fine print"

Academic Misconduct:

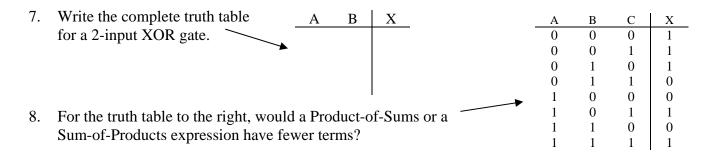
Section 5.7 "Academic Misconduct" of the East Tennessee State University Faculty Handbook, June 1, 2001:

"Academic misconduct will be subject to disciplinary action. Any act of dishonesty in academic work constitutes academic misconduct. This includes plagiarism, the changing of falsifying of any academic documents or materials, cheating, and the giving or receiving of unauthorized aid in tests, examinations, or other assigned school work. Penalties for academic misconduct will vary with the seriousness of the offense and may include, but are not limited to: a grade of 'F' on the work in question, a grade of 'F' of the course, reprimand, probation, suspension, and expulsion. For a second academic offense the penalty is permanent expulsion."

Basic Rules of Boolean Algebra:	1. $A + 0 = A$	7. $\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{A} = \mathbf{A}$
	2. $A + 1 = 1$	8. $\mathbf{A} \cdot \overline{\mathbf{A}} = 0$
	$3. \mathbf{A} \cdot 0 = 0$	= 9. $A = A$
	$4. \mathbf{A} \cdot 1 = \mathbf{A}$	$10. \mathbf{A} + \mathbf{AB} = \mathbf{A}$
	5. $\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{A} = \mathbf{A}$	$11. \mathbf{A} + \mathbf{AB} = \mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B}$
	6. $A + \overline{A} = 1$	12. $(A + B)(A + C) = A + BC$
DeMorgan's Theorem:	$\overline{(AB)} = (\overline{A} + \overline{B})$	$\overline{(A + B)} = (\overline{A} \overline{B})$

Short-ish Answer (2 points each)

- 1. True or False: 255 can be represented using 8-bit 2's complement representation.
- 2. What is the **minimum** number of bits needed to represent 96_{10} in unsigned magnitude representation?
- 3. True or False: $15_{10} = 0F_{16}$
- 4. True or False: The 8-bit value 11101011_2 has the same value in both signed magnitude and 2's complement form.
- 5. True or False: The floating-point number 10011011011010011011000010 is negative.
- 6. What law is used to prove that all of the gates in an S.O.P. circuit can be replaced with NAND gates?



- 9. True or False: The expression $A \cdot \overline{C} + \overline{B}$ is in correct Sum-of-Products form.
- 10. Which of the following is the lowest possible value for a 6-bit signed magnitude binary number?
- a.) 0 b.) -31 c.) -32 d.) -63 e.) -64 f.) -128 g.) None of the above 11. How many possible combinations of ones and zeros do 6 boolean variables have?
 - a.) 16 b.) 128 c.) 32 d.) 64 e.) 48 f.) None of the above

The following two problems are based on the binary addition shown	1 11001001
to the right.	+01110000
Carry ou	00111001

- 12. True or False: If the addition above is considered 8-bit 2's complement, an overflow has occurred.
- 13. True or False: If the addition above is considered 8-bit unsigned, an overflow has occurred.
- 14. What is the frequency of a periodic signal with a 5 x 10^{-10} second period? (Leave your answer in fraction form.)

Medium-ish Answer (5 points each)

- 16. Using whatever method you wish, add the hexadecimal values $59F2_{16}$ and $33A6_{16}$.

17. Draw the circuit exactly as it is represented by the Boolean expression $A \cdot \overline{C} + \overline{B \cdot C}$.

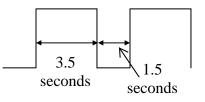
18. Convert 8675309 to BCD representation.

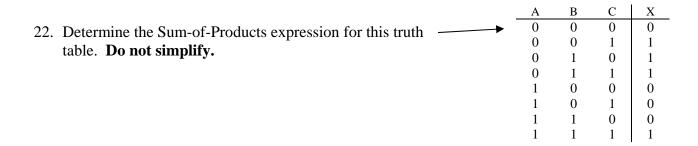
19. If an 8-bit binary number is used to represent an analog value in the range from 500 to 1500, what does the binary value 01100100₂ represent? (Leave your answer in the form of a fraction.)

20. Apply DeMorgan's Theorem to distribute the inverse to the individual terms of the following equation. **Do not simplify.**

 $D + C + B + (A \cdot B)$

21. What is the duty cycle of the signal shown to the right?





23. Complete the truth table below with the output from the Product-of-Sums equation shown.

Α	В	С	Х
0	0	0	
0	0	1	
0	1	0	
0	1	1	
1	0	0	
1	0	1	
1	1	0	
1	1	1	

$$X = (\overline{A} + B + \overline{C}) \bullet (\overline{A} + \overline{B} + C) \bullet (A + \overline{C})$$

Longer Answers (Points vary per problem)

24. Fill in the blank cells of the table below with the correct numeric format. *For cells representing binary values, only 8-bit values are allowed!* If a value for a cell is invalid or cannot be represented in that format, write "X". Use your scrap paper to do your work. (2 points per cell)

Decimal	2's complement binary	Signed magnitude binary	Unsigned binary
	10100110		
-128			
			01010011

25. Mark each boolean expression as *true* or *false* depending on whether the right and left sides of the equal sign are equivalent. Show all of your work to receive partial credit for incorrect answers. (3 points each)

a.) $(A + B)(A + B) = 1$	Answer:
b.) $AB(A + B) = AB$	Answer:
c.) \overline{B} + (\overline{AB}) + (\overline{BC}) = \overline{A} + \overline{B} + \overline{C}	Answer: