# Library Harmonization for Timing

Version	Date	
0.0	11/17/03	

#### Template for liberty/ALF xref examples

/\* liberty \*/

/\* ALF \*/

#### **1.0 Basic description of timing arcs**

#### **1.1 Overview timing arcs**

Timing arcs are defined not only by standalone statements but also by the context in which the statements appear. This is shown in Figure 1 on page 2.

```
FIGURE 1. Basic timing arc description in liberty and ALF
```

```
/* liberty */
                                      /* ALF */
cell (CellName) {
                                      CELL CellName {
 pin(FromPin) {
                                        PIN FromPin {
    direction : input;
                                          DIRECTION = input;
  }
                                        }
 pin(ToPin) {
                                        PIN ToPin {
                                          DIRECTION = output;
    direction : output;
    timing() {
                                        }
      timing_type : timing_type;
                                        VECTOR (vector expression) {
                                          ALF_TimingModel
      timing_sense : timing_sense;
      lib_TimingModel
                                        }
                                      }
    }
  }
}
```

In both liberty and ALF, a timing arc is defined in the context of a CELL identified by a **CellName**. A declaration of each PIN involved in the timing arc is required, refered herein as the **FromPin** and the **ToPin**.

In liberty, the timing model is further defined inside the declaration of the **ToPin**. In ALF, the timing model is defined by the declaration of a VECTOR, separate from the declaration of each PIN.

The occuring edge combinations are defined in liberty by *timing\_type* and *timing\_sense*. In ALF, the edge combinations are defined by a *vector\_expression*.

In ALF, there is no dependency between the *vector\_expression* and the *ALF\_TimingModel*. In liberty, there is a dependency between the *timing\_type* and the *lib\_TimingModel*, as shown below.

Liberty keyword		ALF keyword
timing_type	ming_type lib_TimingModel	
combinational	cell_rise, cell_fall	DELAY
	rise_transition, fall_transition	SLEWRATE
three_state_enable	cell_rise, cell_fall ?	DELAY
three_state_disable	cell_rise, cell_fall ?	DELAY
rising_edge	cell_rise, cell_fall	DELAY
	rise_transition, fall_transition	SLEWRATE
falling_edge	cell_rise, cell_fall	DELAY
	rise_transition, fall_transition	SLEWRATE
preset	cell_rise	DELAY
	rise_transition	SLEWRATE

TABLE 1.	
----------	--

Liberty keyword		ALF keyword
timing_type	lib_TimingModel	ALF_TimingModel
clear	cell_fall	DELAY
	fall_transition	SLEWRATE
setup_rising	rise_constraint, fall_constraint	SETUP
setup_falling	rise_constraint, fall_constraint	SETUP
hold_rising	rise_constraint, fall_constraint	HOLD
hold_falling	rise_constraint, fall_constraint	HOLD
recovery_rising	intrinsic_rise, intrinsic_fall	RECOVERY
recovery_falling	intrinsic_rise, intrinsic_fall	RECOVERY
removal_rising	intrinsic_rise, intrinsic_fall	REMOVAL
removal_falling	intrinsic_rise, intrinsic_fall	REMOVAL
skew_rising	intrinsic_rise, intrinsic_fall	LIMIT.SKEW.MAX
skew_falling	<i>w_falling</i> intrinsic_rise, intrinsic_fall	
non_seq_setup_rising	intrinsic_rise, intrinsic_fall	SETUP
non_seq_setup_falling	intrinsic_rise, intrinsic_fall	SETUP
non_seq_hold_rising	intrinsic_rise, intrinsic_fall	HOLD
non_seq_hold_falling	intrinsic_rise, intrinsic_fall	HOLD
nochange_high_high	rise_constraint	SETUP
	fall_constraint	HOLD
nochange_high_low	rise_constraint	SETUP
	fall_constraint	HOLD
nochange_low_high	rise_constraint	SETUP
	fall_constraint	HOLD
nochange_low_low	rise_constraint	SETUP
	fall_constraint	HOLD

### 1.2 Delay and Slew

A timing model involving delay and slew measurements is declared as follows:

```
/* liberty */
                                      /* ALF */
pin(ToPin) {
                                      VECTOR (vector expression) {
                                        DELAY {
  timing() {
    timing_type : timing_type;
                                          FROM { PIN = FromPin; }
    timing_sense : timing_sense;
                                          TO { PIN = ToPin; }
    related_pin : "FromPin";
                                          ALF_CalcData
    DelayKeyword (lib CalcType) {
                                        }
      lib_CalcData
                                        SLEWRATE { PIN = ToPin;
                                          ALF CalcData
    SlewKeyword (lib_CalcType) {
                                        }
      lib CalcData
                                      }
    }
  }
}
```

FIGURE 2. Timing model declarations for delay and slew in liberty and ALF

In liberty, the timing model declaration can be optionally qualified by the *timing\_type* **combinational**. The combination of edges is defined by the combination of *timing\_sense*, *DelayKeyword* and *SlewKeyword*. The mapping of these liberty constructs into a *vector\_expression* in ALF is shown in Table 2 on page 4.

liberty construct			ALF construct	
timing_type	timing_sense	DelayKeyword	SlewKeyword	vector_expression
combinational	positive_unate	cell_rise	rise_transition	01 FromPin -> 01 ToPin
		cell_fall	fall_transition	10 FromPin -> 10 ToPin
	negative_unate	cell_rise	rise_transition	10 FromPin -> 01 ToPin
		cell_fall	fall_transition	01 FromPin -> 10 ToPin
	non_unate	cell_rise	rise_transition	?! FromPin -> 01 ToPin
		cell_fall	fall_transition	?! FromPin -> 10 ToPin
rising_edge	?	cell_rise	rise_transition	01 FromPin -> 01 ToPin
	?	cell_fall	fall_transition	01 FromPin -> 10 ToPin
falling_edge	?	cell_rise	rise_transition	10 FromPin -> 01 ToPin
	?	cell_fall	fall_transition	10 FromPin -> 10 ToPin

 TABLE 2. Mapping of liberty and ALF constructs for Figure 2, "Timing model declarations for delay and slew in liberty and ALF," on page 4)

Note: The representation of the actual calculation data in liberty (*lib\_CalcType*, *lib\_CalcData*) and ALF (*ALF\_CalcData*) is independent of the physical nature of the data, i.e., timing data or power data or other data. The mapping between those liberty and ALF constructs is shown [insert reference].

#### **1.3 Threshold definitions**

The thresholds for delay and slew measurements in liberty are normalized values between 0 and 100, to be interpreted as percentage values. The corresponding thresholds in ALF are normalized values between 0 and 1.

```
FIGURE 3. ALF template for liberty threshold definitions
```

```
DELAY {
  FROM {
    THRESHOLD {
      RISE = input_threshold_pct_rise ;
      FALL = input_threshold_pct_fall ;
    }
  }
  TO {
    THRESHOLD {
      RISE = output_threshold_pct_rise ;
      FALL = output_threshold_pct_fall ;
    }
  }
}
SLEWRATE {
  FROM {
    THRESHOLD {
      RISE = slew_lower_threshold_pct_rise ;
      FALL = slew_upper_threshold_pct_fall ;
    }
  }
  TO {
    THRESHOLD {
      RISE = slew_upper_threshold_pct_rise ;
      FALL = slew_lower_threshold_pct_fall ;
    }
  }
}
```

#### 1.4 Tristate delay

#### 2.0 Description of conditional timing arcs

#### 2.1 Description of an existence condition

## 2.2 Description of a value condition