

### Bit Bus Gate V3.0

November 3, 2000

**Product Specification** 



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#### **Features**

- Drop-in module for Virtex, Virtex<sup>TM</sup>-E, Virtex<sup>TM</sup>-II and Spartan<sup>TM</sup>-II FPGAs
- Generates AND, NAND, OR, NOR, XOR, and XNOR gates where a bus is gated with a single control bit
- · Supports input bus up to 64 bits wide
- Optional registered output with optional clock enable and asynchronous and synchronous controls
- Incorporates Xilinx Smart-IP technology for maximum performance
- To be used with version 3.1i and later of the Xilinx CORE Generator System

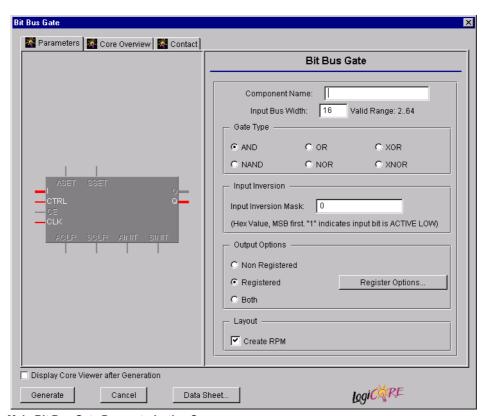


Figure 1: Main Bit Bus Gate Parameterization Screen

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# **Functional Description**

The bit bus gate output is generated by performing the selected bitwise logical operation on the input bus bits and the control bit (i.e. bit 0 of the output is generated by gating bit 0 of the input bus with the control bit, bit 1 of the output is generated by gating bit 1 of the input bus with the control bit, and so forth.). Options are provided for selecting the gate type (AND, NAND, OR, NOR, XOR or XNOR), registered outputs, and non-registered outputs. When a registered output is selected options are also provided for **Clock Enable**, **Asynchronous Set**, **Clear and Init**. The module can optionally be generated as a Relationally Placed Macro (RPM) or as unplaced logic.

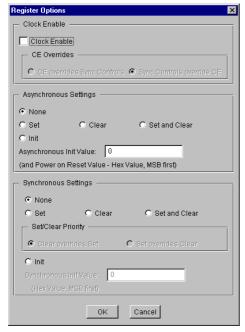


Figure 2: Bit Bus Gate Register Options Parameterization Screen

#### **Pinout**

Signal names are shown in Figure 3 and described in Table 1.

**Table 1: Core Signal Pinout** 

Signal	Signal Direction	Description
I[N:0]	Input	Input bus
CTRL	Input	Control bit
O[N:0]	Output	Output for non-registered module.

**Table 1: Core Signal Pinout** 

Signal	Signal Direction	Description	
D[N:0]	Internal	Internal Data Input connection to Optional Output Register	
CE	Input	Clock Enable	
CLK	Input	Clock: rising edge	
ASET	Input	Asynchronous Set: forces the registered output to a High state when driven.	
ACLR	Input	Asynchronous Clear: forces outputs to a Low state when driven.	
SSET	Input	Synchronous Set: forces the registered output to a High state on next concurrent clock edge.	
SCLR	Input	Synchronous Clear: forces the registered output to a Low state on next concurrent clock edge.	
AINIT	Input	Asynchronous Initialize: forces the registered outputs to a user defined state when driven	
SINIT	Input	Synchronous Initialize: forces the registered outputs to a user defined state on next concurrent clock edge.	
Q[N:0]	Input	Output for registered module	

Note:

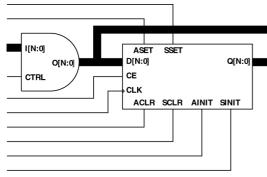
All control inputs re Active High. Should an Active Low input be required for a particular control pin an inverter must be placed in the path to the pin. The inverter will be absorbed appropriately during mapping.

#### CORE Generator Parameters

The main CORE Generator parameterization screen for this module is shown in Figure 1. The parameters are as follows:

- Component Name: The component name is used as the base name of the output files generated for this module. Names must begin with a letter and must be composed from the following characters: a to z, 0 to 9 and " ".
- Input Bus Width: Enter the width of the input bus (and hence the width of the output bus). The valid range is 2 to 64. The default value is 16.
- Gate Type: Select the appropriate radio button for the type of gate function required. The default setting is AND.
- Input Inversion Mask: This parameter defines which input bits are inverted prior to being operated upon by

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Figure 3: Core Schematic Symbol

the selected logical function. A "1" in the mask pattern indicates that the corresponding bit in the input is to be inverted. The text box accepts a hex value which must be of an appropriate size relative to the **Input Bus Width**. If a value is entered that is fewer bits than the input width of the gate it is padded with zeros. An invalid value is highlighted in red in the text box. The default value is 0.

- Output Options: Select the appropriate radio button for the types of outputs required. The default setting is Registered.
- Register Options: This button is only enabled when a registered output has been requested via the Output Options. Clicking on this button brings up the Register Options parameterization screen (see figure 2).
- Create RPM: When this box is checked the module is generated with relative location attributes attached. The resulting placement of the module is in a column with two bits per slice. The default operation is to create an RPM.

Note that when a module is created as an RPM it is possible that one or more of the module dimensions may exceed those of the device being targeted. If this is the case mapping errors will occur and the compilation process will fail. In this case the module should be regenerated with the **Create RPM** checkbox unchecked.

The Register Options parameterization screen for this module is shown in Figure 2. The parameters are as follows:

- Clock Enable: When this box is checked the module is generated with a clock enable input. The default setting is unchecked.
- CE Overrides: This parameter controls whether or not the SSET, SCLR, and SINIT inputs are qualified by CE. This parameter is only enabled when a Clock Enable input has been requested.

When **CE Overrides Sync Controls** is selected an active level on any of the synchronous control inputs will only be acted upon when the CE pin is also Active. Note

that this is not the way that the dedicated inputs on the flip-flop primitives work, and so setting the **CE Overrides** parameter to **CE Overrides Sync Controls** will force any synchronous control functionality to be implemented using logic in the Look Up Tables (LUTs) preceding the output register. This results in increased resource utilization.

When **Sync Controls Override CE** is selected an active level on any of the synchronous control inputs is acted upon irrespective of the state of the CE pin. This setting allows the dedicated inputs on the flip-flop primitives to be used for the synchronous control functions provided that asynchronous controls are not requested. If both asynchronous and synchronous controls are requested, the synchronous control functionality must be implemented using logic in the LUTs preceding the output register. In this case, the CE input has to be gated with the synchronous control inputs so that each synchronous control input and the CE input can generate a CE signal to the flip-flops. This results in a performance degradation for the module due to the additional gating in the CE path.

The default setting is **Sync Controls Override CE** so that the more efficient implementation can be generated.

- Asynchronous Settings: All asynchronous controls are implemented using the dedicated inputs on the flipflop primitives. The module can be generated with the following asynchronous control inputs by clicking on the appropriate button:
  - None: No asynchronous control inputs. This is the default setting.
  - Set: An ASET control pin is generated.
  - Clear: An ACLR control pin is generated.
  - Set and Clear: Both ASET and ACLR control pins are generated. ACLR has priority over ASET when both are asserted at the same time.
  - Init: An AINIT control pin is generated which, when asserted, will asynchronously set the output register to the value defined in the Asynchronous Init Value text hox
- Asynchronous Init Value: This text box accepts a hex value whose equivalent bit width must be less than or equal to the Input Bus Width. If a value is entered that has fewer bits than the Input Bus Width it is padded with zeros. An invalid value is highlighted in red in the text box.

The default value is 0.

Synchronous Settings: When no asynchronous controls are requested (i.e. the Asynchronous Setting is None) the synchronous controls can be implemented using the dedicated inputs on the flip-flop primitives. There are exceptions to this which are described in the sections for the Set/Clear Priority and CE Overrides parameters.

When asynchronous controls are present any synchro-

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nous control functionality must be implemented using logic in the Look Up Tables (LUTs) preceding the output register. With modules where a non-registered output is not required there are combinations of parameters that allow this logic to be absorbed into the same LUTs used to implement the function. In cases where this absorption is not possible the synchronous control logic will require an additional LUT per output bit.

The module can be generated with the following synchronous control inputs by clicking on the appropriate button:

- None: No synchronous control inputs. This is the default setting.
- Set: An SSET control pin is generated.
- Clear: An SCLR control pin is generated.
- Set and Clear: Both SSET and SCLR control pins are generated. SCLR/SSET priority is defined by the setting of the Set/Clear Priority parameter.
- Init: An SINIT control pin is generated which, when asserted, will synchronously set the output register to the value defined in the Synchronous Init Value text box.
- Set/Clear Priority: By selecting the appropriate radio button the relative priority of SCLR and SSET can be controlled. This parameter is only enabled when Set and Clear is selected for Synchronous Settings.

A setting of **Clear Overrides Set** corresponds to the native operation of the flip-flop primitive. This setting will result in a more efficient implementation when asynchronous controls are not requested. A setting of **Set Overrides Clear** can only be implemented using logic in the LUTs preceding the output register.

The default setting is **Clear Overrides Set** so that the dedicated inputs on the flip-flops can be used if available.

• Synchronous Init Value: This text box accepts a hex value whose equivalent bit width must be less than or equal to the Input Bus Width. If a value is entered that has fewer bits than the Input Bus Width it is padded with zeros. An invalid value is highlighted in red in the text box. This parameter is only enabled when the Synchronous Settings parameter is set to Init. The default value is 0

### **Power On Conditions**

See the **FD-based Register** datasheet for information on the power up values for registered modules.

#### Parameter Value in the XCO File

Names of XCO file parameters and their values in XCO files are identical to the names and values shown in the GUI, except that underscore characters (\_) are used instead of spaces. The text in an XCO file is not case sensitive.

Table 2 shows the XCO file parameters and values, and summarizes the GUI defaults. The following is an example of the CSET parameters in an XCO file:

CSET component\_name = abc123
CSET input\_bus\_width = 16
CSET gate\_type = and
CSET input\_inversion\_mask = 0
CSET output\_options = registered
CSET create\_rpm = TRUE
CSET clock\_enable = FALSE
CSET ce\_overrides = sync\_controls\_override\_ce
CSET asynchronous\_settings = none
CSET asynchronous\_settings = none
CSET synchronous\_settings = none
CSET synchronous\_settings = none
CSET sync init\_value = 0000

#### **Core Resource Utilization**

For an accurate measure of the usage of primitives, slices, and CLBs for a particular point solution, check the **Display Core Viewer after Generation** checkbox, in CoreGen.

CSET set\_clear\_priority = clear\_overrides\_set

## **Ordering Information**

This core is downloadable free of charge from the Xilinx IP Center (www.xilinx.com/ipcenter), for use with the Xilinx Core Generator System version 3.1i and later. The Core Generator System 2.1i tool is bundled with the Alliance 3.1i and Foundation 3.1i implementation tools.

To order Xilinx software contact your local Xilinx sales representative at www.xilinx.com/company/sales.htm.

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Table 2: Default Values and XCO file values

Parameter	Parameter XCO File values	
component_name	ASCII text starting with a letter and based upon the following character set: a z, 09 and _	blank
input_bus_width	Integer in the range 2 to 64	16
gate_type	One of the following keywords: and, nand, or, nor, xor, xnor	and
input_inversion_mask	Hex value whose value does not exceed 2 input_bus_width - 1	0
output_options	One of the following keywords: non_registered, registered, both	registered
create_rpm	One of the following keywords: true, false	true
clock_enable	One of the following keywords: true, falseOne of the following keywords: true, false	false
ce_overrides	One of the following keywords: sync_controls_override_ce, ce_overrides_sync_controls	sync_controls_override_ce
asynchronous_settings	One of the following keywords: none, set, clear, set_and_clear, init	none
async_init_value	Hex value whose value does not exceed 2 input_bus_width - 1	0
synchronous_settings	One of the following keywords: none, set, clear, set_and_clear, init	none
sync_init_value	Hex value whose value does not exceed 2 input_bus_width - 1	0
set_clear_priority	One of the following keywords: clear_overrides_set or set_overrides_clear 999	clear_overrides_set

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