

- Each line of a PHP program must be terminated with the character:
a.) / b.) > c.) # d.) < e.) ~ f.) . g.) ; h.) :
- The HTML comment string `<!--` also works in JavaScript in order to comment out scripts that might not be understood by older browsers. Why doesn't PHP do this too?

- Modify the JavaScript code shown below to be PHP code.

```
value = 25;  
  
document.write ("25 divided by 2 is " + value/2 );
```

- When declaring a string in PHP, sequences of white space such as multiple spaces, tabs, and/or carriage returns are:
a.) combined into a single space b.) remain in the string exactly as defined
- The PHP concatenation character, i.e., the character used to join strings into a single string is:
a.) + b.) & c.) ^ d.) ~ e.) - f.) . g.) : h.) >
- Which output function, "print" or "echo", allows for multiple arguments separated by commas?
- True or False: When declaring a float, the initial value must have a decimal point, but it may or may not have an exponent.
- True or False: A PHP escape sequence can be used to display many characters not available on the English PC keyboard.
- Which of the following initializes the constant E to 2.718?
a.) `declare("E", 2.718);` b.) `define("E", 2.718);` c.) `set("E", 2.718);`
d.) `E = declare(2.718);` e.) `E = define(2.718);` f.) `E = set(2.718);`
- Assume an integer value is assigned to a float variable `$_fval` using the expression `"$_fval = (float)3;"` What value does `$_fval` contain after this expression executes?
a.) null b.) 3.0 c.) 0
- Assume a floating point value is assigned to an integer variable `$_ival` using the expression `"$_ival = (int)3.6;"` What value does `$_ival` contain after this expression executes?
a.) null b.) 3.6 c.) 4 d.) 3 e.) 0
- Assume a boolean value is assigned to an integer variable `$_ival` using the expression `"$_ival = (int>true;"` What value does `$_ival` contain after this expression executes?
a.) null b.) true c.) 0 d.) 1