

Optimizing the Generation of Dynamic Web Content

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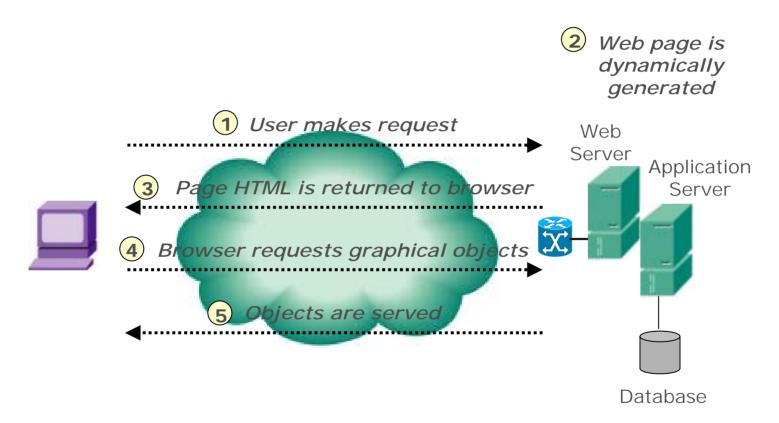
Objectives



- Review how Web pages are created and delivered to users
- Highlight the major bottlenecks in the process
- Focus on the server-side issues associated with dynamic page generation
- Describe an emerging solution space known as Dynamic Content Acceleration

How a Web Page is Delivered

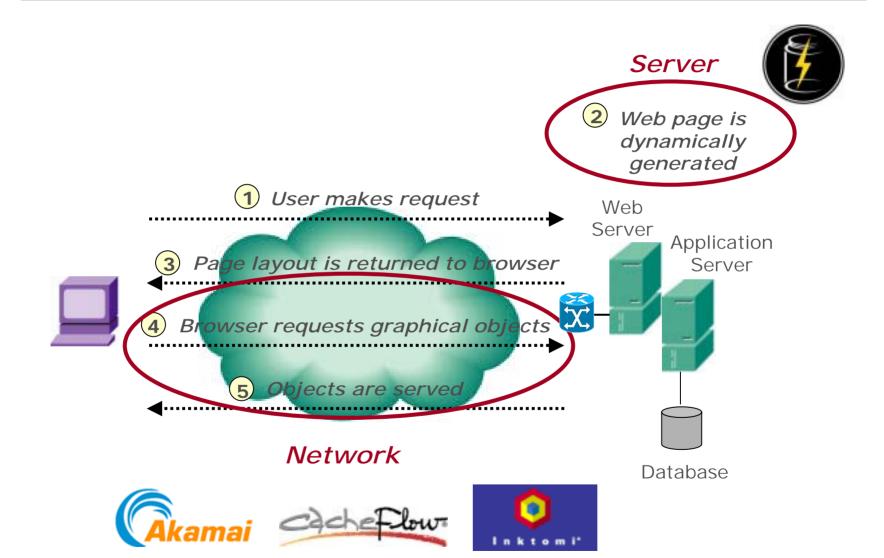




All of this occurs over a complex network of routers, switches, etc.

Two Major Classes of Web Performance Bottleneck





Dynamic Page Generation



- The newest performance bottleneck
- Caused by the increased use of dynamic content within E-business sites
 - Scripts (e.g., ASP, JSP, servlets) generate HTML content "on the fly" to enable personalization and interactivity, resulting in state-cognizant and data-driven pages
 - However, scripting technologies also increase the load on application servers due to the additional processing required for each page request
- This step must occur before static content is delivered from CDNs or network caches

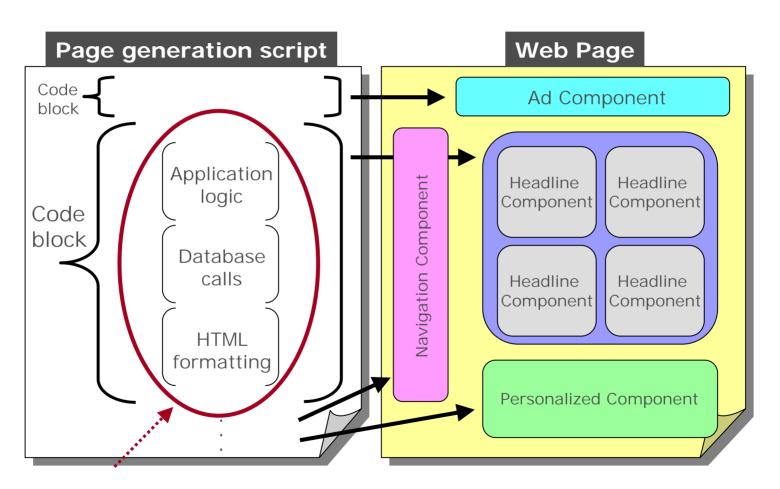
Specific Page Generation Latencies



- Processing overhead of executing the script logic
- I/O load due to intensive database queries
- Database connection pool limitations
- Network delays when connecting to remote resources, such as legacy systems, databases and data feeds
- Data formatting and transformation, such as XML -> HTML

A Closer Look at Page Generation

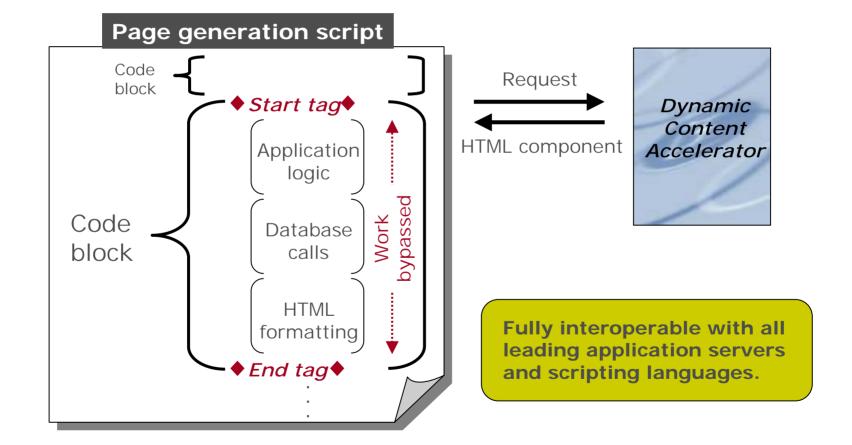




Sources of server latency

Dynamic Content Acceleration



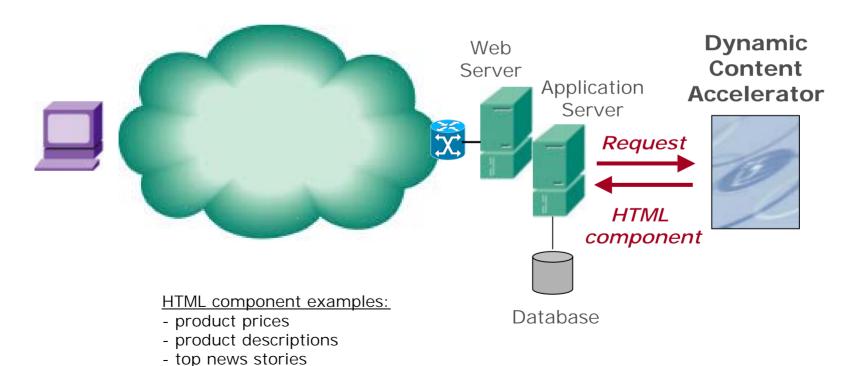


Solution Overview

- stock quotes

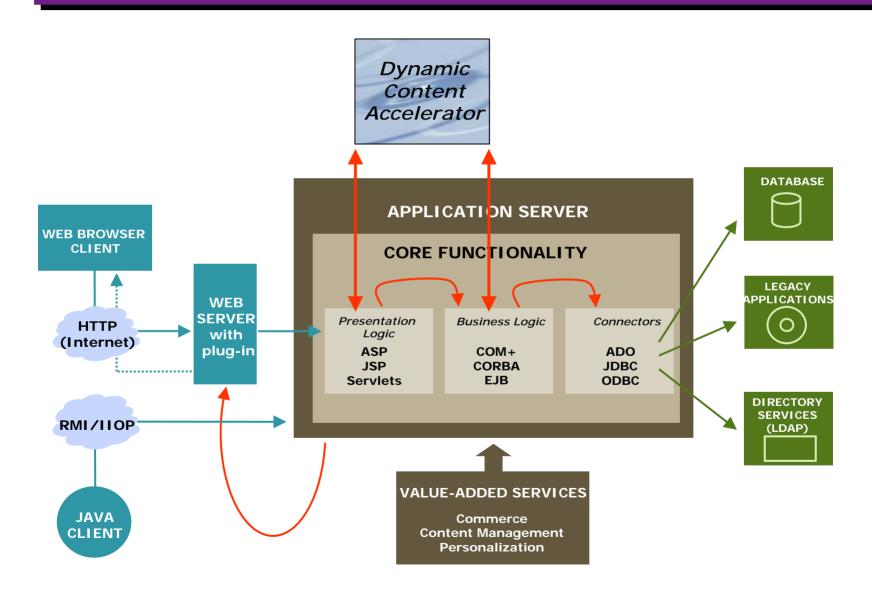


A Dynamic Content Accelerator stores and serves dynamic page components that are re-usable across multiple user sessions, obviating significant work for the application server. The application server retains full control of the page creation process.



Inside the Application Layer

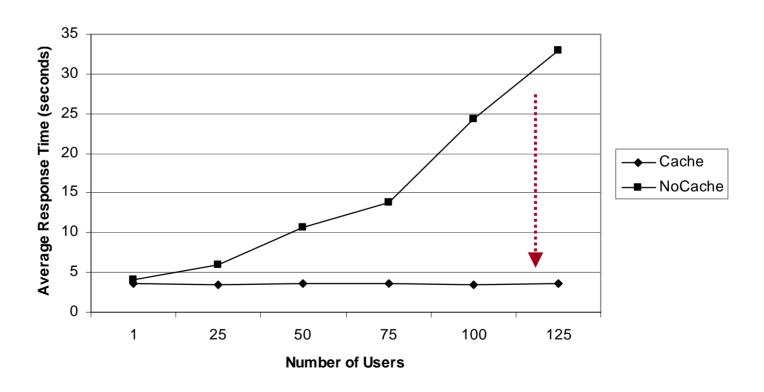




Performance Impact



Up to 90% faster response times through the existing site infrastructure.



Source: Fortune 100 financial institution

Features and Functionality



- Cache Invalidation (ensuring data freshness):
 - Common methods include:
 - Time-based (TTL)
 - Event-based (database update)
 - Observation-based (user action)
 - On-demand (per operator instruction)
- Cache Replacement (ensuring high hit rates):
 - Keeping items in cache that have the highest probability of future access
- Cache Management and Monitoring Tools

Summary



- Performance and scalability are vital to every E-business initiative
- The newest Web bottleneck has been exposed by the almost-universal adoption of dynamic page generation technologies
- Dynamic Content Acceleration is a potent solution to this problem, and is fully complementary with CDNs and network caching
- Chutney Technologies is the pioneer and leader of this space